

# 1.25Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 550m Reach

#### **Features**

- Data-rate of 1.25Gbps operation
- 850nm VCSEL laser and PIN photodetector
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring:
  - Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- 500m transmission with 50/125µm MMF
- 300m transmission with 62.5/125µm MMF
- Compatible with RoHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

Standard: 0 to +70°C Extended: -20 to +85°C

#### **Applications**

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

### **Description**

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of 1.25Gbps and 550m transmission distance with MMF.

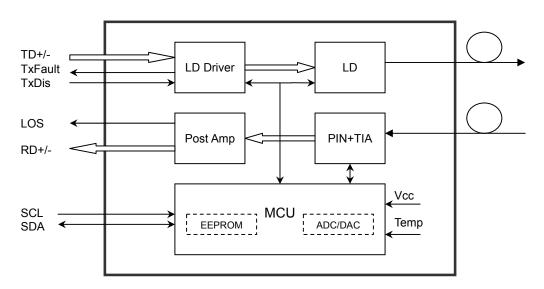
The transceiver consists of three sections: a VCSEL laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

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The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

**Table 1 - Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

**Table 2 - Recommended Operating Conditions** 

- abio 2 - Roote initiation operating contained						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Тс	0		+70	°C
	Extended		-20		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			300	mA
Data Rate				1.25		Gbps

## **Optical and Electrical Characteristics**

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### VCSEL and PIN, 500m Reach

**Table 3 - Optical and Electrical Characteristics** 

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
			Transmit	ter			
Centre V	Vavelength	λc	830	850	860	nm	
Spectral \	Vidth (RMS)	Δλ			0.85	nm	
Average C	Output Power	Pout	-9.5		-3	dBm	1
Extinct	ion Ratio	ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fal	I Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Sv	wing Differential	V <sub>IN</sub>	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differer	ntial Impedance	Z <sub>IN</sub>	90	100	110	Ω	
TV Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Disable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TV FII	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TX Fault	Normal		0		0.8	V	
			Receive	er			
Centre V	Vavelength	λс	770		860	nm	
Receiver	Sensitivity				-18	dBm	3
Receive	Receiver Overload		-3			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOS <sub>D</sub>			-20	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOS <sub>A</sub>	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4
		High	2.0		Vcc	V	
L	LOS				0.8	V	

## Notes:

- 1. The optical power is launched into MMF.
- 2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
  3. Measured with a PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern @1250Mbps, BER ≤1×10<sup>-12</sup>.
- 4. Internally AC-coupled.

### **Timing and Electrical**

### **Table 4 - Timing and Electrical**

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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V <sub>H</sub>	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V <sub>L</sub>			0.8	V

## **Diagnostics**

**Table 5 – Diagnostics Specification** 

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Tomporaturo	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External	
Temperature	-20 to +85	C	±3 C	internai / Externai	
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-9.5 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-22 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	

## **Digital Diagnostic Memory Map**

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

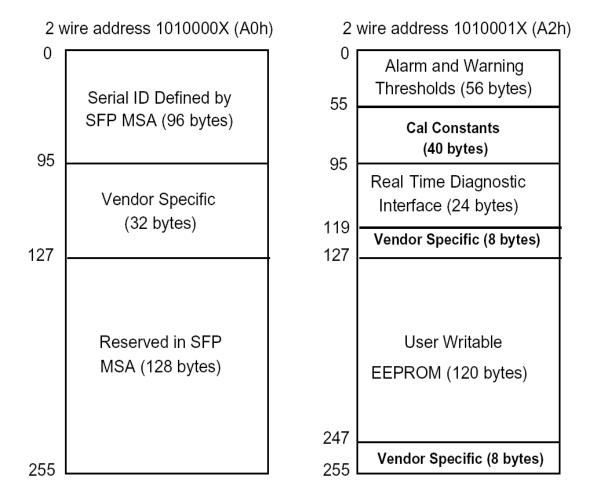
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The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.



#### **Pin Definitions**

Pin Diagram

Page 5 of 9 v1.1

20 VeeT	1 VeeT				
19 TD-	2 TxFault				
18 TD+	3 Tx Disable				
17 VeeT	4 MOD-DEF(2)				
16 VccT	5 MOD-DEF(1)				
15 VccR	6 MOD-DEF(0)				
14 VeeR	7 Rate Select				
13 RD+	8 LOS				
12 RD-	9 VeeR				
11 VeeR	10 VeeR				
Top of Board	Top of Board (as viewed thru top of board)				

### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Signal Name	Signal Name Description		Notes
1	V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1

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TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
$V_{EER}$	Receiver ground	1	
RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
V <sub>EER</sub>	Receiver ground	1	
V <sub>CCR</sub>	Receiver Power Supply	2	
V <sub>CCT</sub>	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
V <sub>EET</sub>	Transmitter Ground	1	
	MOD_DEF(2)  MOD_DEF(1)  MOD_DEF(0)  Rate Select  LOS  V_EER  V_EER  V_EER  RD-  RD+  V_EER  V_CCR  V_CCT  V_EET  TD+  TD-	MOD_DEF(2)  SDA Serial Data Signal  MOD_DEF(1)  SCL Serial Clock Signal  MOD_DEF(0)  Rate Select  LOS  Loss of Signal  Veer  Receiver ground  Veer  Receiver ground  Veer  Receiver ground  RD-  Inv. Received Data Out  RD+  Receiver ground  Veer  Receiver ground  Veer  Receiver ground  RD-  Inv. Received Data Out  RD+  Receiver ground  Veer  Receiver ground  Veer  Receiver ground  Teansmitter Power Supply  Veer  Transmitter Ground  TD+  Transmit Data In  Inv. Transmit Data In	MOD_DEF(2)         SDA Serial Data Signal         3           MOD_DEF(1)         SCL Serial Clock Signal         3           MOD_DEF(0)         TTL Low         3           Rate Select         Not Connected         3           LOS         Loss of Signal         3           V <sub>EER</sub> Receiver ground         1           V <sub>EER</sub> Receiver ground         1           V <sub>EER</sub> Receiver ground         1           RD-         Inv. Received Data Out         3           RD+         Receiver Data Out         3           V <sub>EER</sub> Receiver ground         1           V <sub>CCR</sub> Receiver Power Supply         2           V <sub>CCT</sub> Transmitter Power Supply         2           V <sub>EET</sub> Transmitter Ground         1           TD+         Transmit Data In         3           TD-         Inv. Transmit Data In         3

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

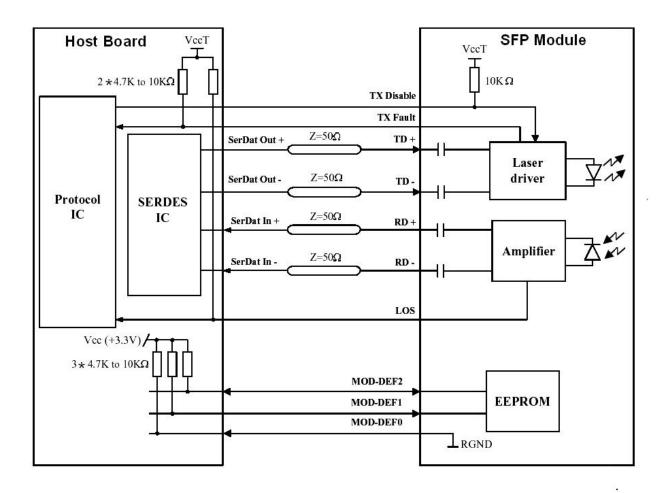
- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation, Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

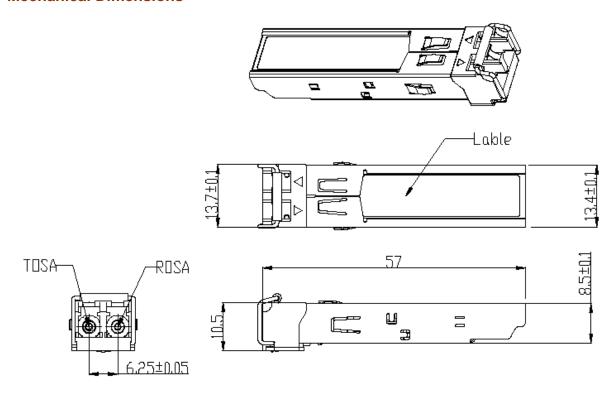
- 3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.
  - Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
  - Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
  - Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\sim10k\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module.

#### **Recommended Interface Circuit**





### **Mechanical Dimensions**



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